

# Funding Your Education

Scholarships and Bursaries

# What Will it Cost?

- The cost of your degree will depend on several factors:
  - Which program do you plan to take?
  - Do you plan on living at home, in residence, or off-campus?
  - Will you be studying full time or part time?
- Typical costs for an 8-month college or university program

Costs	Living Independently	Living with Family
Tuition	\$5730.00	\$5730.00
Books and fees	\$3120.00	\$3120.00
Basic living expenses	\$9224.00	\$4416.00 or free
Total Costs	\$18,074.00	\$13,266.00

- Crunch the numbers – do your best to come up with realistic numbers – do your research
- U of A Cost Calculator - <https://costcalculator.registrar.ualberta.ca/costcalculator/>

# Education is Expensive – How Will You Pay?

- Work as you go
- Your savings
- Your parents
- Scholarships and Awards
- Apprenticeships and Co-operative Education
- Student Funding Options

# Savings and Earnings

- **Part-time work.** Working part time while attending school might help you to earn enough to cover some living expenses.
- **Summer work.** Working during the summer months or between school terms often allows you to save money to cover costs for your next term.
- **Savings.** Knowing how much you can contribute to your education is a good place to start. Your savings may include money from jobs, presents or investments.
- **Family.** If you're lucky, a family member has been putting money for your education into a [Registered Education Savings Plan](#) (RESP).

# Scholarships, Bursaries, Awards

- Many scholarships are based on academic achievement. However, others are awarded for athletic involvement, leadership, community service or areas of interest.
- A **scholarship** is a monetary award given to a student for academic excellence in a specific area of study (such as Biology or English) or for achievements in non-academic areas (such as athletics or community service).
- A **bursary** is a monetary grant given to a student based on clearly demonstrated financial need and/or satisfactory academic achievement.
- Awards from your extracurricular activities – ie. 4H, music festivals, dance competitions, sport related scholarships, etc.
- Awards/Scholarships from your parent's employer

# How To Apply for Scholarships

## Loads of resources!

- Treat this like a part-time job – plan to do the work
- Check out the [Scholarships](#) tab under Student Services on Bev Facey website for scholarships with monthly deadline
- Websites – these allow you to create a profile and then gives you a list of scholarships you are eligible for. Some email you weekly with scholarships you qualify for – [Yconic](#), [Scholarships Canada](#)
- Not all scholarships require you to be a straight A student—there are all sorts of scholarship opportunities that have unique requirements

# Find and Apply for Scholarships

- [Apprenticeship Scholarships](#)

Alberta Apprenticeship and Industry Training Board scholarships for apprentices and occupational trainees. <https://tradesecrets.alberta.ca/financial-assistance/scholarships/>

- [Bursaries and Scholarships for Indigenous Students](#)

Designed specifically for Indigenous students pursuing post-secondary <https://alis.alberta.ca/explore-education-and-training/additional-resources-for-specific-audiences/for-indigenous-peoples/indigenous-peoples-paying-for-school/>

- [Post-Secondary Institutions](#)

Many schools offer scholarships and bursaries for students attending their school. <https://www.applyalberta.ca/need-more-information/student-funding/>

# Alexander Rutherford Scholarship

\* Apply once your official high school transcript marks are available and when you are enrolled in full-time post-secondary studies. If you have ever received a Merit or Honours certificate from Bev Facey you qualify.

\* **Note:** Alberta Student Aid must confirm your full-time enrolment at a post-secondary school before your award can be paid.

\* You will still receive your cheque even if you attend post-secondary education outside of Alberta.

<https://studentaid.alberta.ca/scholarships-and-awards/alexander-rutherford-scholarship/>

Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 12
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Average of 75.0% to 79.9% in five subjects - \$300</li> <li>• Average of 80% or higher in five subjects - \$400</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Average of 75.0% to 79.9% in five subjects - \$500</li> <li>• Average of 80% or higher in five subjects - \$800</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Average of 75.0% to 79.9% in five subjects - \$700</li> <li>• Average of 80% or higher in five subjects - \$1,300</li> </ul>
Average is calculated from 5 designated subjects (Option/CTS courses may also be considered).		
<p>One of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• English 10-1, 10-2</li> <li>• Français 10, 13 or 10-2</li> </ul>	<p>One of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• English 20-1, 20-2</li> <li>• Français 20, 23 or 20-2</li> </ul>	<p>One of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• English 30-1, 30-2</li> <li>• Français 30 or 30-2</li> </ul>
<p>At least two of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mathematics 10C</li> <li>• Science 10</li> <li>• Social Studies 10-1 or 10-2</li> <li>• A language other than one used above in Grade 10</li> </ul>	<p>At least two of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mathematics 20-1, or 20-2</li> <li>• Chemistry 20</li> <li>• Physics 20</li> <li>• Science 20</li> <li>• Biology 20</li> <li>• Social Studies 20-1 or 20-2</li> <li>• A language other than one used above in Grade 11</li> </ul>	<p>At least two of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mathematics 30-1, 30-2 or 31</li> <li>• Science 30</li> <li>• Social Studies 30-1 or 30-2</li> <li>• Biology 30</li> <li>• Chemistry 30</li> <li>• Physics 30</li> <li>• A language other than one used above in Grade 12</li> </ul>
<p>Any two courses with minimum three credit value at Grade 10 level (1000 or 4000 series) including those listed above and combined introductory CTS courses.</p>	<p>Any two courses with minimum three credit value at Grade 11 level (2000 or 5000 series) including those listed above and combined intermediate CTS courses.</p>	<p>Any two courses with minimum five credit value at Grade 12 level (3000, 6000 or 9000 series) including those listed above and combined advanced CTS courses.</p>



# Scholarship Websites – open to all high school grades

- To learn more about finding and applying for scholarships, check out [“Scholarships 101”](#) on the ALIS website —it includes links to websites that’ll help you in your scholarship search. Here are a few to check out:
- [Comprehensive Scholarship Search](#)
- [yconic.com](#)
- [www.scholarshipscanada.com/](#)
- [www.studentscholarships.org/](#)
- [Studentawards.com](#)
- [www.canlearn.ca](#)
- [99scholarships.ca](#)
- [https://scholartree.ca/](#)
- [http://learningclicks.alberta.ca/resources/scholarships-101/](#)
- 1/3 of scholarships are based on marks or financial need – the other two-thirds are up for grabs - someone gets them, why not you!?

# In house scholarships – Grade 12 students

- All Bev Facey High School students are eligible to participate in our school based awards program. With the support of community and corporate sponsorship, students can earn recognition for outstanding citizenship, volunteer, athletic and academic achievements.
- Online forms available on Bev Facey website under Student Services/Scholarships
- Awards are presented at fall awards ceremony after Graduation

# Student Funding Options

- **What is a Student Loan?**
- A **student loan** comes from Student Aid Alberta and the Canada Student Loans program. Funding is available for both full-time and part-time students. Loan money helps you pay for your education and living costs while in school. You don't pay back the loan—not even interest—until after you graduate. When you apply for a student loan you are also eligible to receive grants.
- A **grant** is free money the government gives you that you *do not* pay back, ever. Grants are given to students who fall into such categories as low income (which most students do), those with a permanent disability, and those with a dependent (a child of your own or someone you care for), to name a few.
- A lot of institutions now offer student loan workshops where you're walked through the application process and given help navigating the student aid system.
- **How Do Student Loans Work?**
- Apply before you have been accepted into your program to avoid delays.
- Parent income does affect the amount of loans, even for after 4 years of leaving home.
- What next? Well, the government will say you are eligible for X amount of money.
- *Do not* take more than you need. Remember, this is a loan; you have to pay it back at some point.

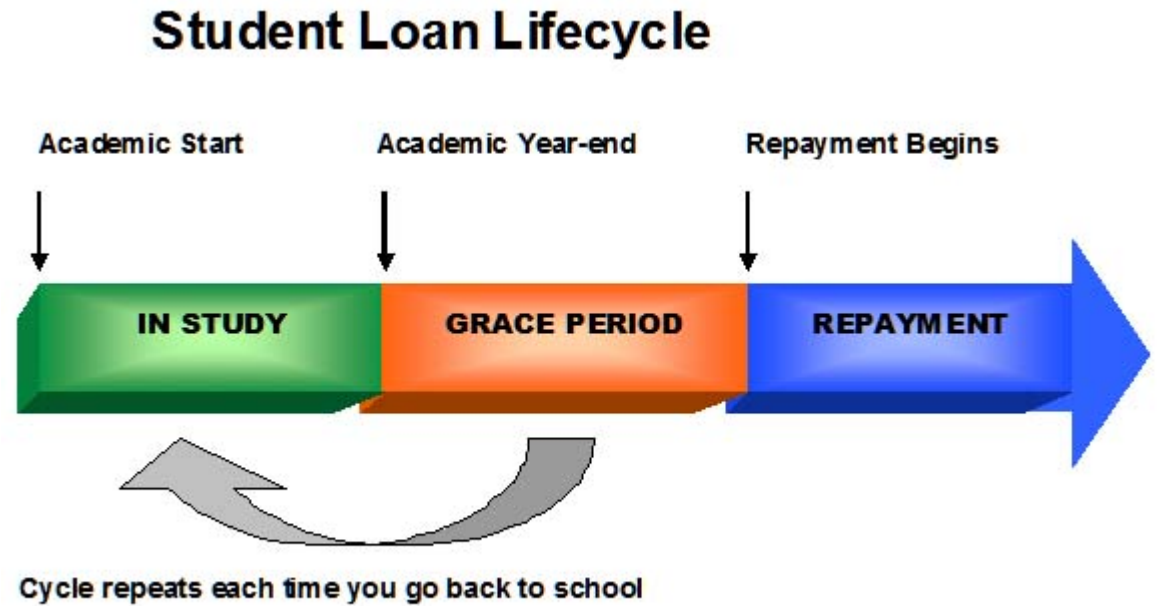
# Student Funding Options

- The Alberta Student Aid Service Centre is available to answer your questions about:
  - eligibility for student aid
  - how to apply for loans, grants and Alberta Scholarships
  - type of funding available
  - how to repay your student loans
- The Service Centre also administers your Alberta student loans, including disbursing your student loans into your bank account and collecting your student loan payments when it's time to repay.
- You can contact Service Centre representatives through online services, email and/or telephone: <https://myloan.studentaid.alberta.ca/>

# Alberta Student Aid

Each of your student loans has three periods/stages:

1. In-Study Period
2. Grace Period
3. Repayment Period



## **In-Study Period**

The In-Study Period refers to the time during which you are studying. You are not required to make any payments and your loan is interest-free during this time.

## **Grace Period**

The Grace Period is the six-month period that starts after each academic year-end date. This is a transition stage of the student loan lifecycle. Payments are not required. While interest is not charged on your Alberta student loan, interest will start to accumulate on your Canada student loan.

## **Repayment Period**

The Repayment Period is the time when you must repay your student loans. Repayment begins six months after you leave school. In technical terms, this means the first day of the seventh month from your academic year-end date. Payments tend to be due near the end of the month, unless you asked for different payment dates.

# Student line of credit

- These are not “student loans”
  - You will probably need someone to co-sign the loan for you
  - You start paying interest on the loan right away, whether or not you are enrolled in full-time studies
  - Private lending institutions determine the cost of the borrowing
  - Depending on the terms of the loan, you may not be required to start paying down the principal until up to 12 months after you graduate
- <http://learningclicks.alberta.ca/planning/paying-for-school-with-student-loans/>

# Take a copy of the Student Aid Worksheet and Funding Guide and Money 101 resources

Download your own copy at <https://alis.alberta.ca/tools-and-resources/content/products/money-101-budgeting-basics-for-further-education/>



**Money 101:** Budgeting Basics for Further Education is written for high school students and those already engaged in post-secondary studies. It provides information and tips about basic money management and how to finance post-secondary education.

**Topics include:** why further education is a smart investment; how to set personal financial goals; how to figure out post-secondary costs; how to budget, bank and stretch each dollar as well as where to find and apply for financial assistance.

THANKS Mrs. Williamson for your help

- Any questions parents/students?